

# The Classical Time Period



Origins of Thought and Action

# Archaic Period

## 750 - 500 BCE

### Significant events

- 1) National literature (Homer)
- 2) Resurgence of trade
- 3) Colonization of Sicily and Italy
- 4) Olympic Games -776 BCE
- 5) Stone sculptures of human figures
- 6) Rise of city states (polis)

# Classical Greece (500 - 336 BCE)

Polis (city states) = all had its own form of government, laws and money (Corinth, Thebes, Athens, Sparta)

Dominance of Athens as political power (run by Delian League)

Construction of Parthenon and Acropolis

Full development of democracy under Pericles of Athens

Classical age of Greece produced great literature, poetry, philosophy, drama, philosophical thinkers and art

# Some Examples of Their Achievements

Jim:

We created the first siren

Matt:

And the first soldering iron

Jim:

The Olympics, well... that was quite a busy week

Matt:

So the next time that you go-go

Both:

To the toyshop for a yo-yo

Let them know-know it was thought of by a Greek!

# Sparta



# Comparing Education of Athens and Sparta

Handout